Reuse In Ireland Climate - Water - Sustainability tentifying persures + Identifying + Identif



Reuse figures in Ireland The Community Resources

Network Ireland (CRNI) CRN estimated the level of reuse in 2018 based on feedback from its members, who manage a lot of the formal reuse in Ireland.

23.190 tonnes of goods get reused in Ireland p.a representing less than 1% of the total municipal waste generated.







In total at least 220.000 tonnes of carbon are saved thanks to reuse (a considerable underestimate). This is the same as planting over 36 million trees.

670 full time equivalent jobs and 1,600 training positions nationally.





5.860 volunteers

€39 million social impact value of above jobs & training

positions.





What is reuse?

Reuse is taking a product that someone is finished with and reusing it for the same purpose as it was used before e.g. when clothes are given to a charity shop.



Why reuse is important?

Reuse is really important because it keeps all the resources involved in making a product in use and prevents waste,



It reduces demand for new products and counters the dominant culture of quick consumption and obsolescence.



Reuse contributes to local jobs, the national economy and our international commitment to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).





Why measure reuse?

Recent European legislation aims to strengthen reuse in all Member States and have EU countries measure reuse with the option of setting national targets in the future. By gathering information on the scale and size of the reuse sector in Ireland, we can benchmark and compare our reuse sector against other Member States and regions.

This in turn will allow us to figure out ways to improve it for all (practitioners, users, volunteers, etc.).



It will also provide a picture of the scale of reuse which can be compared to overall material flows, consumption rates, waste arisings and rates of recovery and recycling.

of producing new products. That includes the impacts of resource extraction, manufacturing, and transport, involved in making replacement products.

It avoids the environmental impacts



The benefits of reuse

There are significant

benefits of materials

being reused, as

are extended.

their life cycles

The management of waste is avoided and less energy is used 2 for reuse than for recycling.

